

THREE MEMBERS OF U. S. BORDER PATROL DIE IN MEXICAN RAID

Hundred Bandits Attack American Forces Forty Miles From Laredo; Eight Invaders Are Killed.

CARRANZA OFFICER ONE OF OUTLAW BAND

Papers Found on Body of Dead Man Disclose Identity; De la Rosa Back of the Disorder.

San Antonio, Tex., June 15.—In the clothing of one of the bandits whose body was recovered after the San Ignacio fight, papers were found indicating that the man was an officer in the Carranza army, according to a late report from General Mann. The total number of Mexican dead is now placed at eight, and American dead three and the wounded six. The papers found on the dead bandit indicated that he was a member of the Carranza army, and that he was a member of the Carranza army, and that he was a member of the Carranza army. The papers found on the dead bandit indicated that he was a member of the Carranza army, and that he was a member of the Carranza army, and that he was a member of the Carranza army.

Laredo, Tex., June 15.—One hundred Mexican bandits, crossing over the Rio Grande, forty miles southeast of here, early today attacked the American border patrol near San Ignacio, killing three and wounding six, according to reports sent to Fort McIntosh here over the field telephone. The Mexicans expected to find an insignificant detachment of Americans. Instead, they were met by Troops I and M of the Fourteenth Cavalry, 140 strong, under Maj. Alonzo Gray. They were hurled back across the river, losing six dead and several wounded.

Reinforcements Rush to Scene.
The bandits first attacked Troop M. Troop I, a short distance up the river, heard the shooting and hurried to the scene. The attackers lost heart and retreated southward along the river, keeping on the American side for some distance before crossing back to Mexican soil. The attack began at 2 a. m. and the fighting lasted about thirty minutes. A bright moon lighted the scene. The Mexicans attacked the rear of the patrol's camp, firing the first shot at a sentry.

The names of the soldiers killed were not reported to military headquarters at Fort McIntosh for the reason that immediately after the attack the two troops of cavalry started in pursuit of the Mexicans. It was taken for granted here that Maj. Gray would pursue the bandits until they crossed into Mexico, and that it would not be surprising if the Americans should follow the "hot trail" across the river.

It was impossible to learn anything of the identity of the Mexicans here other than they were merely "bandits." Those killed and wounded were dressed in green garb, but were exceptionally well armed. Other troops of cavalry have been ordered in readiness to proceed to the San Ignacio scene, either to assist or to relieve Maj. Gray's command.

Word received here later that one of the wounded American soldiers shot through the head had died. The latest information says that eight of the Mexican raiders were killed and forty-two horses captured in the pursuit. Colonel Brown has requested county officials to warn all Mexicans on ranches near here to get away from the river.

CONSUL ADVISES IN FAVOR OF MARTIAL LAW

Laredo, Tex., June 15.—American Consul Garrett at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, has wired the state department at Washington recommending that this city be placed under martial law, according to a seemingly authorized report here.

ANOTHER EXPEDITION MAY BE RESULT

San Antonio, Tex., June 15.—Whether another punitive expedition enters Mexico depended today on the ability of Major Alonzo Gray to pick up the trail of the hundred bandits who attacked two companies of the Fourteenth Cavalry at San Ignacio.

The Day in Congress

SENATE.
No session. Meets at noon Friday.
HOUSE.
Met at 11 a. m. Miscellaneous business considered. Adjourned at 1:57 a. m. until noon Friday.

THE WEATHER

THE WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, June 15.—New Mexico: Friday and Saturday generally fair; not much change in temperature.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.
For twenty-four hours, ending at 6 p. m. yesterday:
Maximum temperature, 89 degrees; minimum, 56 degrees; range, 33 degrees; temperature at 6 p. m. 77 degrees; southwest wind; clear.

CITY BANK CLEARINGS, \$59,224.51.

this morning, causing the death of three Americans. Army officers believe the bandits were Luis de la Rosa's men. General Mann characterized the action as "typical of the Rosa tactics—a night attack and then scatter like quail." Mexican army officers south of the Rio Grande informed Major Gray that the de facto troops already were in pursuit of scattered detachments of the bandits and had killed four this morning.

CLASH WITH CARRANZA SOLDIERS IS FEARED

Brownsville, Tex., June 15.—One thousand Carranza soldiers, ordered to the border some day ago to reinforce the Carranza border patrol, are somewhere south of San Ygnacio, Tex., and should there be a second American punitive expedition into Mexico the two bodies of troops would clash, according to Gen. Alfred Ricaut, commander at Matamoras.

AMERICAN MAJOR SEEKS HOT TRAIL

San Antonio, June 15.—Luis de la Rosa made good his threat to raid the border when 100 of his men attacked a small detachment of the Fourteenth Cavalry, numbering about forty men, at San Ignacio, forty miles southeast of Laredo. His action cost him eight men killed, several wounded and many horses and some equipment. The American loss was three killed and six wounded.

Major Gray today was using every man of his little command in a sweeping search of the country about San Ignacio for a "hot trail." If it is discovered a third "punitive expedition" will enter Mexico, but at department headquarters. General Mann and his staff have little hope that Major Gray will be able to get into touch with the band. By daylight this morning the attacking force had scattered like quail. The largest part reentered Mexico but some of the least scattered along the brush-covered country on the American side.

Fight From Trenches.

The Americans fought from trenches in which they were ordered immediately after the attack began. When they moved out and began the offensive the Mexicans were gone.

The American dead are:

PRIVATE MINADEL, Troop M.
PRIVATE CHARLES F. FLOW, Troop M.
PRIVATE EDWARD KATANCH, Troop M.
The American wounded are:
Privates Thomas H. Ewing and James E. Rouch, Troop I; Corporal William Oberlies, Privates William Minnette, Tony Havlina and Henry Matasoff, Troop M.

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MEXICAN CONSUL DEPARTS, IS RUMOR

Laredo, Tex., June 15.—It was rumored but not confirmed here tonight that Mexican Consul Melquiades Garcia in Laredo had gone over to the Mexican side for safety, following the example of American Consul Garrett, who removed to the American side yesterday.

CARRANZA FORCES ARE REORGANIZED

Douglas, Ariz., June 15.—Disposition of the new forces of the de facto Mexican army in southern and central Sonora was completed yesterday and the Yaqui Indian drive was started today by 1,800 cavaliers in five columns, according to a telegram from Gen. P. Elias Calles to Gen. Arango Gomez at Agua Prieta today.

General Calles stated that within thirty days every hostile band of Indians would be driven from the state, either into Arizona on the north, or Chihuahua on the east. The towns in the Ures and Alamos districts have been connected by telephone to aid in the pursuit of the Indians. Two lines of infantry have been stationed across the country, while the cavalry will sweep the country in between. Calles denied that his troops have had any fights with the Indians during the last two weeks.

Arrivals today from Mexico confirmed reports received here yesterday that hands of Yaquis are operating west of the town of Moctezuma under the leadership of Huero (Whitely), a Mexican renegade. Fully twenty Mexicans, including women and children, are reported to have been tortured to death by Huero's immediate band. A detachment of Mexican troops and Yaquis are reported to have fought indecisively for several hours near Huapac last week. The casualties are unknown.

LATEST OUTRAGE TO GIVE LANSING ANOTHER COUNT AGAINST MEXICO

San Ygnacio Raid Will Be Used in Note to General Carranza Now in Preparation.

NEW UPHEAVAL IS BEING EXPECTED

Anti-American Demonstrations and Pinch of Poverty Likely Soon to Precipitate Crisis.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Washington, June 15.—Secretary Lansing's draft of the note which will refuse General Carranza's demand for withdrawal of American troops from Mexico, was laid before President Wilson for his approval today almost simultaneously with the receipt of news of another border raid in which three American troops were killed.

Punitive steps against those responsible for the new depredation were left to the discretion of the border commanders, whose standing orders are to pursue into Mexico any hot trail they find. The development, however, was immediately called to the attention of the de facto government, and will be one of the elements on which the administration, in its reply to Carranza, will predicate its declaration that the time for withdrawal is not yet ripe because Mexican troops are not properly policing the border country.

Anti-American Outbreaks.

Anti-American demonstrations throughout the republic, which will back up this declaration, have worked with growing seriousness of economic conditions to produce such a grave situation that officials here fear a new internal upheaval soon and have taken further steps to protect Americans. An army transport is held in readiness at Galveston to proceed to Mexican ports for refugees, another has been ordered to the vicinity of the western Mexican coast, and the navy transport Hancock, now taking marines to San Diego, will go from that port to Vera Cruz as soon as she has completed her present mission.

A copy of the terse message from General Mann, bringing the first official word of the San Ygnacio raid, was forwarded to San Diego, where it was in Mexico City for presentation to the de facto government. Secretary Lansing declined to discuss representations that may have accompanied it. It is believed, however, that it was presented without comment, in view of the recent policy of bringing every case of anti-American outbreaks, bandit operations or attacks upon American towns or posts to the attention of the Carranza government.

Note May Be Sent Today.

The note, the secretary said, may be sent tomorrow or Saturday. Secretary Lansing has studiously declined to discuss it in any way, but it is known that he has prepared a vigorously worded refusal to withdraw the troops, pointing out the failure of the de facto government to land its troops in hunting down outlaws who have threatened the peace of the two countries. The friendly purposes of the United States are understood to be set forth in unmistakable terms, and it is believed the note also contains a sharp rebuke because of suggestions in the Carranza note which many officials regard as insulting.

The secretary characterized the situation in Mexico as unchanged today, indicating that nothing had developed to modify his previous statements that the outlook was dubious. The growing distress over the financial problem beyond the border, rather than possible hostile action by the de facto government, has deepened the gloomy view taken by officials here. For three months official dispatches from all sources have laid stress on increasingly bad economic conditions.

Diplomats Worried.

The Mexican situation is gravely troubling diplomatic circles. Three members of the corps from South America say state department officials today, all seeking information as to what is portending in the distressed republic. Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British ambassador, also talked Mexican matters over with state and war department officials.

The state department issued the following summary of its advice:

"The department is in receipt of a telegram from Mexico City stating that the authorities of the de facto government issued a decree on June 12, setting the first Sunday of September, 1916, as the date for holding municipal elections. It is stated that only persons who have not taken up arms against the constitutional government will be qualified as electors. The department is in receipt of telegraphic advices from Saltillo stating that General Ricaut, who recently arrived there, has reported that the troops sent in pursuit of de la Rosa and his band, overtook them. It is reported that the entire band was captured with the exception of de la Rosa, who made his escape and boarded a freight train which was en route to Monterrey. Upon arrival at Monterrey he was placed under arrest and the local military commander at Saltillo was instructed to have de la Rosa identified. His followers are said to have been delivered to the Mexican commander at Lampazos. There were about forty in the band, and it is stated that they were practically without provisions."

150,000 CAPTIVES TAKEN BY CZAR'S MEN SINCE DRIVE WAS UNDERTAKEN

Twelfth Day of Great Russian Offensive Brings Fresh Gains All Along Southwestern Front.

CZERNOWITZ IS EVACUATED, RUMOR

Semi-official Advice From Petrograd State Bukovina Capital Has Been Abandoned by Austrians.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

The twelfth day of the Russian offensive against Austria and Germany shows nowhere any signs of slackening. All along the front fresh gains for Russian troops and the capture of thousands of additional prisoners and of guns, machine guns and war supplies are claimed by the Russians. The number of prisoners now exceeds 150,000.

While semi-official advices from Petrograd give a report that the Austrians have evacuated Czernowitz, capital of Bukovina, the latest official communication from Austrian headquarters says the troops of Emperor Francis Joseph are making a stand north and east of the city and at both points have repulsed Russian attacks.

Austrians Counter-attack.
In the drive westward from the region of Lutsk the Austrians are counter-attacking or entrenching themselves in new positions for a stand against the Russians.

No report of gains of either side in Galicia in the region of Tarnopol have come through. Here apparently there is still a deadlock between the Russians and the Austrians and Germans.

On the German end of the northern front in Russia the Russians near Baranovichi attacked and carried German trenches, but later were forced to give them up under strong pressure by the Germans. Infantry attacks by the Germans have occurred along the Dvina river and in the lake region south of Dvinsk, but all of these were repulsed, according to Petrograd.

The French on the slopes south of Le Mort Homme, northwest of Verdun, have attacked and captured a German trench. The Germans are still violently bombarding the sectors of Thiaumont and Fort Souville, but the French probably prepared to another infantry attack with the hope of a further advance toward the fortress. Only artillery activity is in progress on the remainder of the front in France and Belgium.

Italians Take Positions.

The fighting on the Austro-Italian line in Tyrol seemingly has died down to violence, only in artillery bombardments and small infantry operations. These have been reported from the east of Montecene, which lies a short distance from the head of the Gulf of Trieste. The Italians have captured Austrian positions and taken prisoner 185 officers and men. The Italian press has reported that the British have repulsed an attempt of the British to advance, according to Constantinople. The annihilation of 400 British troops on the Euphrates sector also is reported by the British press. Persian volunteers are declared to be attacking the Russians near the Persian border, inflicting heavy losses.

TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL A MUNICIPAL AFFAIR

Denver, June 15.—The control of tuberculosis is distinctly a municipal problem and not state or national, declared Dr. Livingston Farrand, former executive secretary of the Naval Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, yesterday in addressing the Colorado Sociological conference.

He declared present scientific information supported the theory that tuberculosis is infectious and its control depended upon placing the responsibility squarely upon municipal authorities. These officials, he said, should be given authority and means to meet the responsibility through necessary equipment, including instructed and supervised personnel, to enforce adequate notification laws, conduct municipal dispensaries and sanatoria and furnish services of visiting nurses under municipal control.

DOZEN SURVIVORS OF HAMPSHIRE TELL STORY

London, June 15 (8:55 p. m.).—Details of some of the incidents on board the British cruiser Hampshire, lost before she sank off the rocks last week, causing the death of Field Marshal Kitchener, among many others, are given in an official statement issued tonight based on statements by the dozen survivors of the cruiser who were washed ashore on a raft.

MAYO NAMED HEAD OF AMERICAN MEDICAL

Detroit, June 15.—Dr. Charles H. Mayo, of Rochester, Minn., was elected president of the American Medical Association at a meeting of the house of delegates this afternoon. New York city was awarded the 1917 convention of the American Medical Association.

PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT RENOMINATED BY UNANIMOUS VOICE

Demonstration Following Naming of Wilson Lasts Forty-five Minutes; Women Are Among Paraders.

WESCOTT PRAISES PRESENT INCUMBENT

Recital of Policy Toward Mexico and America's Maintenance of International Law Vigorously Applauded.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Coleman, St. Louis, June 16.—President Wilson and Vice President Marshall were renominated by acclamation tonight. The convention recessed at 12:31 a. m. until 11 a. m. today.

Nominations for president began at 10:14 p. m. Alabama yielded to New Jersey and John W. Westcott nominated Woodrow Wilson.

Former Governor Judson Harmon of Ohio, seconded the nomination. Governor Stuart of Virginia also made a seconding speech.

Eager for Nomination.

Applause was given to Judge Westcott's remarks on the policy toward Mexico. The crowd was attentive and quiet. It voiced approval of America's maintenance of international law. Some of the crowd, however, were eager for the nomination.

Great Demonstration.

Moving picture flashlights blazed and flags were paraded in front of the stand. The band played "The Star Spangled Banner" while a huge banner bearing the president's likeness was unfurled from the roof of the hall.

Women Among Paraders.

The delegates began a parade bearing state stanchions. The crowd on the floor and balconies rose to its feet. Many delegates stood on their chairs. "Taxis" and other melodies by the band evoked a roar of cheering.

Westcott's Speech.

Prophecy is fulfilled. The eternal virtues of righteousness have prevailed. Undimmed by the calamities of war, unmoved by vituperation and vain declamation, holding to the pure altar of truth, the schoolmaster is statesman, the statesman financier, the financier commander, the commander pacifier, the pacifier the moral leader of democracy.

Picture of Prosperity.

Now bursting granaries, teeming factories, crowded railways and overladen ships, distribute wealth and comfort to uncounted millions, the world over. Production outruns the means of distribution. The parallel of American prosperity is not found in industrial history nor is it causeless. It did not descend like a mercurial agent, from the heavens. It is not due to the devastations of a revised tariff. It is not the result of destructive legislation. It cannot be attributed to the manufacture of war materials, constituting a bare 5 per centum of the volume of national business. War is destruction, not production. War curtails international trade. War depresses industrial energy. When the European cataclysm struck the world, moratoria fell like a blight upon many of the neutral nations, but not upon the United States.

Explanation of Phenomenon.

There stands the astounding phenomenon of American prosperity. What is its explanation? The Euclid of financial theory worked to a demonstration, measures for the country's relief. He put promptly into effect the legislative expression of a great program. He did not talk. He did things. He dynamited the monetary dams and let credit flow to the remotest corners of the land, its spray reaching even upon foreign shores. He released the nation's resources and set the energies of all men free to exploit them. He destroyed commercial slavery. He struck off its shackles. The prosperity of the nation is the product of national business. It is now limited only by its own honesty and capacity. The cause being undisturbed, the effects must remain. The schoolmaster is statesman, the statesman financier, the financier commander, the commander pacifier, the pacifier the moral leader of democracy. The commanding fact of the modern age is the spread of intelligence. The schoolhouse has conquered ignorance. The printing press has transformed the world. Education has qualified him for a better existence. The Bible has made him a moralist. Men know that the world is big enough to support the human family in peace and comfort. Men know that the great problem of peace and comfort is not yet solved. They know that it cannot be solved by the savagery of war. They know that its solution is obtainable only in conditions of peace, reason and a practical morality. This state of knowledge is the crowning achievement of progress.

America's Victory.

The American experiment of self-government has stood the test. The achievements of the American system are the crowning achievement of progress. (Continued on Page Two.)

WILSON, SCHOOL TEACHER, NOW A WORLD TEACHER, SAYS CHAIRMAN

James Tells Convention President's Bloodless Victories Raise Him to Level of Washington and Lincoln.

DEMOCRATS HAVE DONE MUCH FOR PREPAREDNESS

Senator Avers Party Has Accomplished More for Defense in Three Years Than Republicans in Forty.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Coleman, St. Louis, June 15.—The democratic national convention today changed its program of procedure and agreed to make nominations for president and vice president tonight instead of tomorrow.

The rules were amended and the convention adjourned at 1:22 p. m. to 9 o'clock tonight and remain in continuous session until nominations are made.

It Was 11:46 When Temporary

Chairman Glynn called the convention to order. Archbishop John J. Glennon of St. Louis then offered prayer. Senator James Chairman.

Reports of the committees on credentials and permanent organization were adopted and Senator James, escorted to the chair, began his address. He departed from the printed text of his speech, but gave its substance. "The delegates forced him to repeat a portion of his prepared speech in which he said: "Woodrow Wilson without orphaning a single child, without wounding a single American soldier, without firing a single gun, with the shedding of a single drop of blood, wrung from the most military spirit that ever brooded above a battlefield, agreement to American demands and concession of American rights."

Applause of Eighteen Minutes.

The applause lasted eighteen minutes when Mr. James was able to proceed. When Mr. James finished there were more cheers and applause and calls for "Bryan."

Senator James appealed to the convention to quiet down and hear the rules committee's report, but his efforts were futile until he announced that Mr. Bryan had left the building and would speak in the Coleman later. That satisfied the crowd and they heard the rules report.

James' Speech.

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America's Civil.

The truth here, America has called to Europe; Europe has responded in terms of a revitalized civilization. The subtlest place in world history is that of a plain American citizen maneuvering with the weapons of reason and humanity against the navies and armies of the contending nations, and bringing them in accord with the principles of international law. The American standard of peace and justice now floats on the sea. It is unfurling over the trenches of the struggling nations. From the vantage ground of imperishable Americanism the matchless craft of a real pacifist has not only avoided all war, but is leading the world into a new era of peace. What is peace but the assertion of moral progress? What is the assertion of moral progress but the indestructible civilization of Europe and America? From the smoldering ruins of a billion of lives, men, out of the blackness of the battle smoke, arising from the securities of national passions, already the peoples of the earth recognize the dim outlines, growing ever more distinct, of the composite soul of America, the patient and humane wisdom of the world's real pacifier.

Of what avail all the wealth of our

beloved land if it had been consumed in the destructive years of war? What avail the travail of human progress for ten thousand years had not the schoolmaster and statesman been pacifier? His vast achievement is so vast that ambitious men are blind to its reality. But the plain millions, of all creeds and nationalities, recognize in it the imperishable glories of a Christian civilization. It glorifies the peasant and king alike. The schoolmaster is statesman, the statesman is financier, the financier is the pacifier of the world.

This is the nation, accomplishing

the destiny of democracy. The commanding fact of the modern age is the spread of intelligence. The schoolhouse has conquered ignorance. The printing press has transformed the world. Education has qualified him for a better existence. The Bible has made him a moralist. Men know that the world is big enough to support the human family in peace and comfort. Men know that the great problem of peace and comfort is not yet solved. They know that it cannot be solved by the savagery of war. They know that its solution is obtainable only in conditions of peace, reason and a practical morality. This state of knowledge is the crowning achievement of progress.

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